



MODERN-DAY EXPLORERS  
SEARCH FOR LIFE  
**BEYOND  
EARTH**

1  
00:00:20,150 --> 00:00:35,110

[Music]

2  
00:00:40,069 --> 00:00:37,110

where do we come from how does life

3  
00:00:41,910 --> 00:00:40,079

evolve and is there life beyond earth hi

4  
00:00:43,910 --> 00:00:41,920

my name is kelly gerardi and if you've

5  
00:00:45,270 --> 00:00:43,920

considered these questions before you're

6  
00:00:47,029 --> 00:00:45,280

in good company

7  
00:00:49,510 --> 00:00:47,039

while no life beyond earth has been

8  
00:00:51,029 --> 00:00:49,520

physically found a multitude of research

9  
00:00:53,830 --> 00:00:51,039

has pointed to the possibility of

10  
00:00:56,950 --> 00:00:53,840

microbial life microscopic organisms

11  
00:00:58,950 --> 00:00:56,960

like bacteria and archaea beyond earth

12  
00:01:00,709 --> 00:00:58,960

nasa missions such as perseverance on

13  
00:01:02,709 --> 00:01:00,719

mars and even missions that are

14

00:01:04,630 --> 00:01:02,719

exploring remote and extreme places on

15

00:01:07,429 --> 00:01:04,640

earth are starting to uncover the

16

00:01:08,870 --> 00:01:07,439

answers astrobiologists are seeking and

17

00:01:10,630 --> 00:01:08,880

today we're going to speak to the

18

00:01:13,190 --> 00:01:10,640

explorers who have traversed earth's

19

00:01:15,030 --> 00:01:13,200

extreme landscapes providing insights to

20

00:01:16,710 --> 00:01:15,040

the search for life beyond earth but

21

00:01:22,330 --> 00:01:16,720

before we hear from them let's learn a

22

00:02:55,030 --> 00:01:38,650

[Music]

23

00:02:58,630 --> 00:02:57,190

i am so excited today in honor of

24

00:03:01,190 --> 00:02:58,640

women's history month we have an

25

00:03:03,509 --> 00:03:01,200

all-female episode so i am here with dr

26

00:03:05,509 --> 00:03:03,519

darlene lim research scientist at nasa

27

00:03:08,229 --> 00:03:05,519

ames research center and dr jackie

28

00:03:09,910 --> 00:03:08,239

gordial environmental microbiologist at

29

00:03:12,229 --> 00:03:09,920

the university of guelph thank you so

30

00:03:14,630 --> 00:03:12,239

much for being here

31

00:03:16,390 --> 00:03:14,640

thank you thank you for having me

32

00:03:17,910 --> 00:03:16,400

thanks for having us

33

00:03:20,149 --> 00:03:17,920

yeah this is going to be great i'm

34

00:03:22,390 --> 00:03:20,159

excited there's so much to cover so just

35

00:03:26,470 --> 00:03:22,400

to start with the absolute basics can

36

00:03:28,869 --> 00:03:26,480

you tell us what is astrobiology

37

00:03:31,110 --> 00:03:28,879

okay so one way to look at astrobiology

38

00:03:33,750 --> 00:03:31,120

is to start just by breaking down the

39

00:03:35,110 --> 00:03:33,760

word astrobiology so we have astro

40

00:03:37,190 --> 00:03:35,120

meaning star

41

00:03:40,550 --> 00:03:37,200

and biology meaning the study of life

42

00:03:43,430 --> 00:03:40,560

bios is latin for life so astrobiology

43

00:03:46,550 --> 00:03:43,440

is the study of star life it's the

44

00:03:48,470 --> 00:03:46,560

search for life beyond our own planet

45

00:03:51,270 --> 00:03:48,480

and beyond our own solar system in the

46

00:03:54,149 --> 00:03:51,280

universe at large but astrobiology also

47

00:03:56,390 --> 00:03:54,159

concerns itself with the origins of life

48

00:03:59,270 --> 00:03:56,400

on earth how did life start here in the

49

00:04:03,429 --> 00:04:01,429

amazing i know both of you have so much

50

00:04:05,429 --> 00:04:03,439

experience in the field and also with

51  
00:04:07,830 --> 00:04:05,439  
field research can you share some of

52  
00:04:09,429 --> 00:04:07,840  
those experiences and tell us what is a

53  
00:04:11,190 --> 00:04:09,439  
day like in the life of an

54  
00:04:12,869 --> 00:04:11,200  
astrobiologist darlene maybe we can

55  
00:04:15,270 --> 00:04:12,879  
start with you

56  
00:04:17,189 --> 00:04:15,280  
yeah absolutely it's never a dull day

57  
00:04:19,030 --> 00:04:17,199  
it's always exciting you know both

58  
00:04:20,949 --> 00:04:19,040  
jackie and i have the privilege of

59  
00:04:22,469 --> 00:04:20,959  
really doing work that takes us all over

60  
00:04:24,070 --> 00:04:22,479  
the world as well as into labs in

61  
00:04:25,510 --> 00:04:24,080  
different different environments where

62  
00:04:27,670 --> 00:04:25,520  
we have to deal with people every single

63  
00:04:29,830 --> 00:04:27,680

day um but some of the places that we do

64

00:04:31,990 --> 00:04:29,840

get to go take us you know into extreme

65

00:04:33,670 --> 00:04:32,000

environments um i've been working most

66

00:04:36,950 --> 00:04:33,680

recently actually in the big island of

67

00:04:38,550 --> 00:04:36,960

hawaii as well as out at sea so um these

68

00:04:40,230 --> 00:04:38,560

are some images from a recent project

69

00:04:42,150 --> 00:04:40,240

called basalt where we were actually

70

00:04:44,230 --> 00:04:42,160

looking at microbial life in volcanic

71

00:04:46,550 --> 00:04:44,240

settings this is some video from a deep

72

00:04:48,870 --> 00:04:46,560

sea hydrothermal vent just off the coast

73

00:04:51,270 --> 00:04:48,880

of where oregon and california meet and

74

00:04:53,189 --> 00:04:51,280

here we have an rov a remotely operated

75

00:04:55,270 --> 00:04:53,199

vehicle deep you know few kilometers

76

00:04:56,870 --> 00:04:55,280

under water actually collecting water

77

00:04:59,110 --> 00:04:56,880

and rock samples and what we do with

78

00:05:00,870 --> 00:04:59,120

those samples is actually examine the

79

00:05:03,029 --> 00:05:00,880

chemistry and then the microbial

80

00:05:04,550 --> 00:05:03,039

populations that are living associated

81

00:05:06,629 --> 00:05:04,560

with the with the water chemistry and

82

00:05:08,870 --> 00:05:06,639

the raw chemistry and we do that so we

83

00:05:10,710 --> 00:05:08,880

can understand life as it pertains to

84

00:05:13,029 --> 00:05:10,720

its you know development here on earth

85

00:05:14,710 --> 00:05:13,039

and how that might also be taking hold

86

00:05:17,110 --> 00:05:14,720

um elsewhere in our solar system and

87

00:05:18,710 --> 00:05:17,120

beyond so it's pretty fun every single

88

00:05:20,390 --> 00:05:18,720

day

89

00:05:23,590 --> 00:05:20,400

that's amazing it looks like a lot of

90

00:05:25,270 --> 00:05:23,600

fun jackie what about you

91

00:05:27,749 --> 00:05:25,280

yeah i want to echo what darlene said

92

00:05:30,070 --> 00:05:27,759

it's it's truly a privilege to get to

93

00:05:32,390 --> 00:05:30,080

see some of these wonderful extreme

94

00:05:34,950 --> 00:05:32,400

sights on our own planet a day in the

95

00:05:37,430 --> 00:05:34,960

field is very busy and it's very

96

00:05:40,230 --> 00:05:37,440

rewarding uh so you're looking at some

97

00:05:42,390 --> 00:05:40,240

photos here of one of my favorite field

98

00:05:45,029 --> 00:05:42,400

sites this is in the mcmurdo dry valleys

99

00:05:47,990 --> 00:05:45,039

of the antarctic it's the coldest and

100

00:05:49,749 --> 00:05:48,000

driest place that we have on our planet

101  
00:05:53,110 --> 00:05:49,759  
you can see here it just kind of looks

102  
00:05:54,629 --> 00:05:53,120  
like a barren uh desert wasteland almost

103  
00:05:56,710 --> 00:05:54,639  
and a day in the field in this

104  
00:05:58,950 --> 00:05:56,720  
environment is exactly like this photo

105  
00:06:02,390 --> 00:05:58,960  
here drilling through permafrost this

106  
00:06:04,390 --> 00:06:02,400  
cold frozen uh you know environment uh

107  
00:06:07,189 --> 00:06:04,400  
to look for microbial life that may be

108  
00:06:08,790 --> 00:06:07,199  
surviving or even thriving in these cold

109  
00:06:10,950 --> 00:06:08,800  
arid soils

110  
00:06:13,510 --> 00:06:10,960  
this is considered to be a really high

111  
00:06:15,590 --> 00:06:13,520  
fidelity mars analog mars is a really

112  
00:06:16,870 --> 00:06:15,600  
cold and dry planet

113  
00:06:18,550 --> 00:06:16,880

and so the work that we do in

114

00:06:21,590 --> 00:06:18,560

environments like this

115

00:06:23,510 --> 00:06:21,600

help us know you know how and where we

116

00:06:27,270 --> 00:06:23,520

could potentially look for life on other

117

00:06:29,990 --> 00:06:27,280

planetary bodies such as mars

118

00:06:31,590 --> 00:06:30,000

amazing and speaking of life elsewhere

119

00:06:33,670 --> 00:06:31,600

in the universe what are the other ways

120

00:06:35,749 --> 00:06:33,680

in which nasa is currently searching for

121

00:06:37,909 --> 00:06:35,759

life elsewhere

122

00:06:39,909 --> 00:06:37,919

so i think you can sort of bin it into

123

00:06:41,510 --> 00:06:39,919

three different categories one of them

124

00:06:43,350 --> 00:06:41,520

is as we were just talking about

125

00:06:45,430 --> 00:06:43,360

actually looking to our planet as an

126

00:06:47,510 --> 00:06:45,440

example for for what might exist or

127

00:06:49,990 --> 00:06:47,520

could have existed in the past on other

128

00:06:51,830 --> 00:06:50,000

planets um and so we will actually go

129

00:06:53,589 --> 00:06:51,840

out into these analog field settings as

130

00:06:56,790 --> 00:06:53,599

you see some video here again from

131

00:06:58,390 --> 00:06:56,800

another analog site in idaho and conduct

132

00:07:00,629 --> 00:06:58,400

work that helps us learn about this

133

00:07:03,350 --> 00:07:00,639

planet as well as others and then there

134

00:07:05,189 --> 00:07:03,360

are other things such as missions so

135

00:07:06,950 --> 00:07:05,199

space flight mission ground-based

136

00:07:09,510 --> 00:07:06,960

missions that allow us to observe our

137

00:07:11,670 --> 00:07:09,520

solar system and beyond and understand

138

00:07:13,749 --> 00:07:11,680

the extremities of of you know the

139

00:07:16,469 --> 00:07:13,759

chemistry and the and the habitability

140

00:07:18,070 --> 00:07:16,479

potential of other systems and then

141

00:07:19,830 --> 00:07:18,080

there's sort of a third bin that i would

142

00:07:21,909 --> 00:07:19,840

bring up and that is the laboratory

143

00:07:23,990 --> 00:07:21,919

that's where we can actually move into a

144

00:07:26,309 --> 00:07:24,000

controlled environment and do some very

145

00:07:29,110 --> 00:07:26,319

specific experiments so that we can

146

00:07:30,550 --> 00:07:29,120

really understand um how life might

147

00:07:32,790 --> 00:07:30,560

actually find the potential to

148

00:07:35,110 --> 00:07:32,800

proliferate and take hold and so forth

149

00:07:36,790 --> 00:07:35,120

and how it might actually survive in um

150

00:07:38,550 --> 00:07:36,800

in the extreme conditions of space and

151  
00:07:40,469 --> 00:07:38,560  
beyond

152  
00:07:42,230 --> 00:07:40,479  
they're all great examples and we know

153  
00:07:44,150 --> 00:07:42,240  
so much of this research all space

154  
00:07:46,309 --> 00:07:44,160  
research in fact starts right here on

155  
00:07:47,990 --> 00:07:46,319  
earth but why is it important for us to

156  
00:07:51,350 --> 00:07:48,000  
look inward when we're looking for life

157  
00:07:57,029 --> 00:07:54,070  
yeah that's a great question so right

158  
00:07:58,710 --> 00:07:57,039  
now we know of one place that life

159  
00:08:01,510 --> 00:07:58,720  
exists and it's on our it's in our own

160  
00:08:02,950 --> 00:08:01,520  
backyard it's our planet here on earth

161  
00:08:05,029 --> 00:08:02,960  
uh and so we know that life has

162  
00:08:08,070 --> 00:08:05,039  
originated here on earth and so this is

163  
00:08:10,230 --> 00:08:08,080

a great place to start looking we look

164

00:08:12,790 --> 00:08:10,240

at earth to look at you know looking at

165

00:08:14,950 --> 00:08:12,800

the origins of life looking at analog

166

00:08:16,950 --> 00:08:14,960

environments to our own early earth

167

00:08:19,350 --> 00:08:16,960

places like hydrothermal events that

168

00:08:21,670 --> 00:08:19,360

darlene works at but also surface

169

00:08:24,150 --> 00:08:21,680

environments like hot springs or

170

00:08:26,550 --> 00:08:24,160

potential candidates we also look to our

171

00:08:28,790 --> 00:08:26,560

own planet to understand the limits to

172

00:08:30,790 --> 00:08:28,800

life on earth so we look in cold places

173

00:08:34,230 --> 00:08:30,800

to know what the coal's limit of life on

174

00:08:36,070 --> 00:08:34,240

earth is what's the hot limit of life

175

00:08:38,469 --> 00:08:36,080

knowing that the constraints to life

176

00:08:41,029 --> 00:08:38,479

here on our own planet will also help us

177

00:08:43,909 --> 00:08:41,039

constrain where and how we look on other

178

00:08:46,150 --> 00:08:43,919

planetary bodies

179

00:08:47,750 --> 00:08:46,160

amazing i know i'm not the only one with

180

00:08:49,590 --> 00:08:47,760

questions for both of you we have a lot

181

00:08:51,509 --> 00:08:49,600

of people at home who have questions for

182

00:08:53,430 --> 00:08:51,519

our expert guests and we want to hear

183

00:08:55,509 --> 00:08:53,440

them join the conversation and ask your

184

00:08:57,269 --> 00:08:55,519

question by writing in the comment box

185

00:09:00,150 --> 00:08:57,279

wherever you're watching this or using

186

00:09:02,230 --> 00:09:00,160

the hashtag ask nasa on social media so

187

00:09:05,030 --> 00:09:02,240

let's just jump into a few

188

00:09:07,030 --> 00:09:05,040

so our first question is from zoe spikes

189

00:09:09,509 --> 00:09:07,040

on twitter who wants to know what has

190

00:09:11,110 --> 00:09:09,519

been your coolest discovery or what is a

191

00:09:15,509 --> 00:09:11,120

discovery that encourages you to

192

00:09:19,190 --> 00:09:17,350

i have i have one right off the tip of

193

00:09:20,870 --> 00:09:19,200

my head

194

00:09:23,110 --> 00:09:20,880

so that that footage that you saw

195

00:09:25,509 --> 00:09:23,120

earlier in that in that cold desert

196

00:09:29,350 --> 00:09:25,519

environment is also the place of my

197

00:09:31,750 --> 00:09:29,360

coolest discovery uh which is a site on

198

00:09:34,470 --> 00:09:31,760

our own planet where we can't seem to

199

00:09:35,829 --> 00:09:34,480

detect active microbial life happening

200

00:09:38,550 --> 00:09:35,839

right now

201  
00:09:40,630 --> 00:09:38,560  
so many of you know microorganisms exist

202  
00:09:42,790 --> 00:09:40,640  
almost everywhere on our planet we have

203  
00:09:45,269 --> 00:09:42,800  
to try really hard to actually get rid

204  
00:09:47,509 --> 00:09:45,279  
of them you know we have to sterilize uh

205  
00:09:50,150 --> 00:09:47,519  
bottles uh etc

206  
00:09:53,269 --> 00:09:50,160  
and so that that site this really cold

207  
00:09:54,150 --> 00:09:53,279  
and arid site uh was you know the site

208  
00:09:55,670 --> 00:09:54,160  
of

209  
00:09:57,269 --> 00:09:55,680  
you know the first permafrost site on

210  
00:09:58,870 --> 00:09:57,279  
earth where we couldn't find active

211  
00:10:00,550 --> 00:09:58,880  
microbial life we knew there were

212  
00:10:02,630 --> 00:10:00,560  
microbes there because we could see them

213  
00:10:05,110 --> 00:10:02,640

with a microscope and we could actually

214

00:10:06,949 --> 00:10:05,120

even sequence their dna

215

00:10:08,790 --> 00:10:06,959

but we couldn't get any hints that they

216

00:10:11,110 --> 00:10:08,800

were actually active and instead it

217

00:10:13,030 --> 00:10:11,120

looked like they were all dormant or you

218

00:10:15,350 --> 00:10:13,040

know in a state that's very similar to

219

00:10:17,990 --> 00:10:15,360

when bears go into hibernation

220

00:10:19,910 --> 00:10:18,000

that discovery led me on a whole rabbit

221

00:10:21,990 --> 00:10:19,920

hole of other environments where

222

00:10:23,269 --> 00:10:22,000

microorganisms that are dormant seem to

223

00:10:25,030 --> 00:10:23,279

be the norm

224

00:10:27,190 --> 00:10:25,040

rather than the exception and that's

225

00:10:31,269 --> 00:10:27,200

really since then the direction that my

226

00:10:33,269 --> 00:10:31,279

my research has been going in

227

00:10:35,350 --> 00:10:33,279

amazing do you want to add anything

228

00:10:37,190 --> 00:10:35,360

darlene

229

00:10:39,829 --> 00:10:37,200

um no i mean first of all i think that's

230

00:10:42,470 --> 00:10:39,839

fantastic and uh every time we go out

231

00:10:44,069 --> 00:10:42,480

you know the the discoveries happen and

232

00:10:45,430 --> 00:10:44,079

sometimes they can be very grand and be

233

00:10:47,350 --> 00:10:45,440

very noticeable and other times it's

234

00:10:48,790 --> 00:10:47,360

sort of a progression and i guess that's

235

00:10:50,870 --> 00:10:48,800

something i just wanted to highlight for

236

00:10:53,430 --> 00:10:50,880

some of our younger viewers out there is

237

00:10:54,710 --> 00:10:53,440

that um it does take time you know to

238

00:10:56,949 --> 00:10:54,720

come to that moment where you're just

239

00:10:58,790 --> 00:10:56,959

like aha and for me

240

00:11:00,949 --> 00:10:58,800

my career has gone from you know

241

00:11:02,550 --> 00:11:00,959

strictly looking at astrobiology related

242

00:11:04,470 --> 00:11:02,560

questions to now moving into science

243

00:11:06,150 --> 00:11:04,480

operations and and some of the projects

244

00:11:08,870 --> 00:11:06,160

that i work on are actually very heavy

245

00:11:10,550 --> 00:11:08,880

around how you organize people so that

246

00:11:12,870 --> 00:11:10,560

we can actually influence flight

247

00:11:14,389 --> 00:11:12,880

missions in real time and so

248

00:11:16,230 --> 00:11:14,399

and actually incorporate science into

249

00:11:18,069 --> 00:11:16,240

those decision-making processes so this

250

00:11:19,829 --> 00:11:18,079

is these are some images of us working

251  
00:11:22,790 --> 00:11:19,839  
in one of those analog settings where we

252  
00:11:24,470 --> 00:11:22,800  
incorporate human exploration alongside

253  
00:11:25,990 --> 00:11:24,480  
and you know closely coupled with

254  
00:11:28,150 --> 00:11:26,000  
science and we're doing that in

255  
00:11:30,069 --> 00:11:28,160  
anticipation of missions such as artemis

256  
00:11:31,509 --> 00:11:30,079  
coming online and of course you know

257  
00:11:34,230 --> 00:11:31,519  
looking forward in time to when we have

258  
00:11:35,990 --> 00:11:34,240  
humans exploring the surface of mars so

259  
00:11:37,829 --> 00:11:36,000  
we're really trying to understand how do

260  
00:11:40,069 --> 00:11:37,839  
you design systems where you can have

261  
00:11:41,829 --> 00:11:40,079  
scientists sitting on earth inter you

262  
00:11:43,430 --> 00:11:41,839  
know interjecting into the process of

263  
00:11:45,910 --> 00:11:43,440

discovery and science and that's really

264

00:11:48,790 --> 00:11:45,920

been itself you know a really incredible

265

00:11:51,030 --> 00:11:48,800

process over the last couple of decades

266

00:11:53,190 --> 00:11:51,040

yeah absolutely and speaking of process

267

00:11:55,670 --> 00:11:53,200

i love this next question mason on

268

00:11:58,150 --> 00:11:55,680

facebook wants to know what is nasa's

269

00:12:00,230 --> 00:11:58,160

protocol if there is confirmed contact

270

00:12:03,430 --> 00:12:00,240

with intelligent life who wants to take

271

00:12:06,949 --> 00:12:04,949

um

272

00:12:09,829 --> 00:12:06,959

wow that's it with intelligent life well

273

00:12:11,670 --> 00:12:09,839

that's really interesting um so i do not

274

00:12:13,990 --> 00:12:11,680

speak for nasa in this answer but i will

275

00:12:15,750 --> 00:12:14,000

say there is likely a protocol um i

276

00:12:17,910 --> 00:12:15,760

think a lot of different groups have

277

00:12:19,590 --> 00:12:17,920

ideas on what those protocols should be

278

00:12:22,550 --> 00:12:19,600

um certainly to be friendly would

279

00:12:24,550 --> 00:12:22,560

probably be a good thing uh you know

280

00:12:26,470 --> 00:12:24,560

but um i think everything does come back

281

00:12:28,710 --> 00:12:26,480

to protocol and so um you know the

282

00:12:30,629 --> 00:12:28,720

question totally hits the nail right on

283

00:12:32,790 --> 00:12:30,639

the head and like in that there has to

284

00:12:34,550 --> 00:12:32,800

be preparation and readiness for the for

285

00:12:36,829 --> 00:12:34,560

the opportunity that you know that

286

00:12:40,230 --> 00:12:36,839

present that may present itself in the

287

00:12:41,350 --> 00:12:40,240

future yeah absolutely um later on in

288

00:12:42,550 --> 00:12:41,360

this episode if you're watching i'm

289

00:12:44,230 --> 00:12:42,560

going to ask both of them if they

290

00:12:45,509 --> 00:12:44,240

believe that there is life elsewhere in

291

00:12:47,590 --> 00:12:45,519

the universe so you want to stay tuned

292

00:12:49,590 --> 00:12:47,600

to hear their answers later but next we

293

00:12:51,269 --> 00:12:49,600

have a question from dan on facebook who

294

00:12:52,790 --> 00:12:51,279

wants to know where is the nearest

295

00:12:57,590 --> 00:12:52,800

planet that is most

296

00:13:01,750 --> 00:12:59,350

i actually think

297

00:13:03,910 --> 00:13:01,760

oh well so i was going to say you know i

298

00:13:05,750 --> 00:13:03,920

think mars is the planet next door and

299

00:13:08,150 --> 00:13:05,760

there are a lot of features of mars that

300

00:13:10,790 --> 00:13:08,160

are very similar to earth

301  
00:13:11,590 --> 00:13:10,800  
but so mars is this cold and dry planet

302  
00:13:13,910 --> 00:13:11,600  
now

303  
00:13:16,069 --> 00:13:13,920  
but in the past mars was a little bit

304  
00:13:18,470 --> 00:13:16,079  
warmer a little bit wetter and a lot

305  
00:13:19,590 --> 00:13:18,480  
more earth-like than i think many people

306  
00:13:22,069 --> 00:13:19,600  
think about

307  
00:13:24,389 --> 00:13:22,079  
so i would say that the planet next door

308  
00:13:27,590 --> 00:13:24,399  
is is one of the most mars-like

309  
00:13:30,389 --> 00:13:27,600  
or sorry the most earth-like

310  
00:13:32,550 --> 00:13:30,399  
definitely and speaking of sort of

311  
00:13:33,990 --> 00:13:32,560  
earth-like conditions ricky on facebook

312  
00:13:36,710 --> 00:13:34,000  
wants to hear a little bit more about

313  
00:13:38,710 --> 00:13:36,720

conditions on antarctica any thriving

314

00:13:42,870 --> 00:13:38,720

extraordinary life forms that exist in

315

00:13:47,990 --> 00:13:46,230

i can answer this one as well uh so

316

00:13:49,030 --> 00:13:48,000

in in that desert in the mcmurdo dry

317

00:13:49,829 --> 00:13:49,040

valleys

318

00:13:52,389 --> 00:13:49,839

uh

319

00:13:54,949 --> 00:13:52,399

the microorganisms are really the star

320

00:13:56,710 --> 00:13:54,959

of the show uh there isn't bird there

321

00:13:58,949 --> 00:13:56,720

are birds that fly into the area there

322

00:14:01,590 --> 00:13:58,959

aren't plants there's no moss

323

00:14:03,509 --> 00:14:01,600

microorganisms really are are what are

324

00:14:06,949 --> 00:14:03,519

the only life present

325

00:14:09,750 --> 00:14:06,959

one of the coolest life forms uh in this

326

00:14:11,590 --> 00:14:09,760

area are organisms called crypto

327

00:14:13,910 --> 00:14:11,600

endoliths so breaking down that word

328

00:14:15,990 --> 00:14:13,920

crypto means hidden endo means within

329

00:14:18,389 --> 00:14:16,000

and lith means rock and this is

330

00:14:20,790 --> 00:14:18,399

microbial life that's hidden

331

00:14:22,550 --> 00:14:20,800

inside of the rock and you can't see it

332

00:14:24,470 --> 00:14:22,560

from the outside you could walk past one

333

00:14:26,629 --> 00:14:24,480

of these rocks you would never know that

334

00:14:28,069 --> 00:14:26,639

it's teeming with life but if you were

335

00:14:31,030 --> 00:14:28,079

to take a rock hammer

336

00:14:33,670 --> 00:14:31,040

crack it open you would see bright green

337

00:14:36,470 --> 00:14:33,680

bands of photosynthetic organisms that

338

00:14:38,470 --> 00:14:36,480

are using energy from the sun uh to

339

00:14:40,790 --> 00:14:38,480

photosynthesize carbon compounds and

340

00:14:42,629 --> 00:14:40,800

support entire communities of

341

00:14:45,110 --> 00:14:42,639

microorganisms that's exactly what this

342

00:14:46,629 --> 00:14:45,120

photo is is uh it's cracking open one of

343

00:14:48,870 --> 00:14:46,639

these rocks to find the life that's

344

00:14:50,470 --> 00:14:48,880

teeming inside

345

00:14:51,990 --> 00:14:50,480

amazing i know there are a lot more

346

00:14:53,910 --> 00:14:52,000

questions remember you can join the

347

00:14:55,430 --> 00:14:53,920

conversation too ask your question by

348

00:14:57,590 --> 00:14:55,440

writing in the comment box wherever

349

00:14:59,829 --> 00:14:57,600

you're watching this or use the hashtag

350

00:15:01,509 --> 00:14:59,839

ask nasa on social media we will be

351

00:15:03,670 --> 00:15:01,519

right back with darlene and jackie to

352

00:15:05,509 --> 00:15:03,680

answer a few more questions but first

353

00:15:07,350 --> 00:15:05,519

let's take a look at the other ways nasa

354

00:15:10,150 --> 00:15:07,360

explorers are venturing to extreme

355

00:15:13,509 --> 00:15:10,160

environments for science

356

00:15:15,350 --> 00:15:13,519

i am morgan cameron nasa scientist

357

00:15:17,189 --> 00:15:15,360

that's morgan

358

00:15:19,350 --> 00:15:17,199

she's probably one of nasa's best

359

00:15:21,590 --> 00:15:19,360

spokespeople for exploring our solar

360

00:15:24,150 --> 00:15:21,600

system's icy moons europa is a

361

00:15:26,949 --> 00:15:24,160

fascinating place it has this liquid

362

00:15:29,509 --> 00:15:26,959

water ocean that's about three times the

363

00:15:31,350 --> 00:15:29,519

volume of all of earth's oceans combined

364

00:15:33,670 --> 00:15:31,360

that's a lot of water

365

00:15:35,350 --> 00:15:33,680

although europa isn't the only icy moon

366

00:15:37,430 --> 00:15:35,360

in our solar system

367

00:15:39,590 --> 00:15:37,440

nasa has identified it as one of those

368

00:15:40,710 --> 00:15:39,600

places with key astrobiological

369

00:15:43,110 --> 00:15:40,720

potential

370

00:15:45,590 --> 00:15:43,120

morgan is a collaborator on the mapping

371

00:15:47,990 --> 00:15:45,600

imaging spectrometer for europa an

372

00:15:50,150 --> 00:15:48,000

instrument selected for europa clipper

373

00:15:51,269 --> 00:15:50,160

nasa's next mission to jupiter's icy

374

00:15:53,509 --> 00:15:51,279

moon

375

00:15:57,490 --> 00:15:53,519

she's preparing future nasa missions for

376  
00:16:00,710 --> 00:15:57,500  
success on the surface of alien worlds

377  
00:16:03,350 --> 00:16:00,720  
[Music]

378  
00:16:06,150 --> 00:16:03,360  
in 2018 morgan and her colleagues were

379  
00:16:09,350 --> 00:16:06,160  
in the field studying how life colonizes

380  
00:16:11,509 --> 00:16:09,360  
in fresh lava earth turns out has a lot

381  
00:16:13,509 --> 00:16:11,519  
of excellence what we call analog

382  
00:16:15,590 --> 00:16:13,519  
environments places that are similar

383  
00:16:17,910 --> 00:16:15,600  
enough to some of these other worlds

384  
00:16:20,470 --> 00:16:17,920  
that we can conduct some tests and we

385  
00:16:22,629 --> 00:16:20,480  
can do some analyses here now they're

386  
00:16:24,550 --> 00:16:22,639  
not perfect of course they're not going

387  
00:16:26,710 --> 00:16:24,560  
to be exactly like europa but we can

388  
00:16:27,829 --> 00:16:26,720

still learn a lot by testing in these

389

00:16:30,550 --> 00:16:27,839

environments

390

00:16:32,069 --> 00:16:30,560

some of these places include antarctica

391

00:16:34,949 --> 00:16:32,079

and the arctic circle but there are

392

00:16:37,670 --> 00:16:34,959

other places too uh alaska greenland

393

00:16:39,030 --> 00:16:37,680

even iceland any place where you have a

394

00:16:40,870 --> 00:16:39,040

lot of ice because guess what the

395

00:16:41,990 --> 00:16:40,880

surface of europa is made of a lot of

396

00:16:44,629 --> 00:16:42,000

ice

397

00:16:46,870 --> 00:16:44,639

we haven't found life beyond earth yet

398

00:16:49,350 --> 00:16:46,880

but there's a growing body of research

399

00:16:51,829 --> 00:16:49,360

that indicates there could be microbial

400

00:16:54,150 --> 00:16:51,839

life in our cosmic neighborhood

401  
00:16:56,389 --> 00:16:54,160  
morgan and her team make it possible to

402  
00:16:57,189 --> 00:16:56,399  
both appreciate the life we have here on

403  
00:16:59,590 --> 00:16:57,199  
earth

404  
00:17:07,350 --> 00:16:59,600  
and seek new life in our solar system

405  
00:17:10,789 --> 00:17:09,110  
awesome so we have a ton more questions

406  
00:17:12,870 --> 00:17:10,799  
as you might expect but before we get to

407  
00:17:15,029 --> 00:17:12,880  
those i'm wondering how did each of you

408  
00:17:17,110 --> 00:17:15,039  
get started in these exciting careers

409  
00:17:19,270 --> 00:17:17,120  
what inspired you to pursue this field

410  
00:17:21,029 --> 00:17:19,280  
of research darlene maybe we can start

411  
00:17:23,189 --> 00:17:21,039  
with you

412  
00:17:25,510 --> 00:17:23,199  
okay thank you for that question um you

413  
00:17:27,909 --> 00:17:25,520

know really i have to show my gratitude

414

00:17:29,990 --> 00:17:27,919

towards so many of the women and the men

415

00:17:31,590 --> 00:17:30,000

in my life that have been very gracious

416

00:17:33,190 --> 00:17:31,600

and generous in bringing me into their

417

00:17:35,270 --> 00:17:33,200

world into into the professional

418

00:17:37,350 --> 00:17:35,280

community that i'm now part of and also

419

00:17:39,110 --> 00:17:37,360

for sharing their knowledge with me um

420

00:17:41,029 --> 00:17:39,120

when i was younger and then you know

421

00:17:42,710 --> 00:17:41,039

really nurturing my career as it went

422

00:17:44,390 --> 00:17:42,720

but then if i look even further back in

423

00:17:46,230 --> 00:17:44,400

time you know i have a lot of gratitude

424

00:17:49,270 --> 00:17:46,240

towards my parents who are immigrants to

425

00:17:50,950 --> 00:17:49,280

canada who really wanted to embrace uh

426

00:17:52,870 --> 00:17:50,960

the new country that they just come to

427

00:17:55,029 --> 00:17:52,880

and we spent a lot of time fishing and

428

00:17:57,270 --> 00:17:55,039

camping and just exploring outdoors and

429

00:17:59,350 --> 00:17:57,280

i think that imbued me with the love for

430

00:18:01,430 --> 00:17:59,360

for observation for the natural world

431

00:18:02,789 --> 00:18:01,440

around me um and that of course has

432

00:18:03,830 --> 00:18:02,799

stayed with me to this very day and

433

00:18:06,310 --> 00:18:03,840

that's pretty much what i've made a

434

00:18:07,750 --> 00:18:06,320

career out of so i feel very fortunate

435

00:18:09,750 --> 00:18:07,760

in that realm to have you know moved in

436

00:18:11,590 --> 00:18:09,760

that direction and um have the life i've

437

00:18:14,950 --> 00:18:11,600

had

438

00:18:16,310 --> 00:18:14,960

absolutely jackie what about you

439

00:18:18,789 --> 00:18:16,320

yeah i would say my path into

440

00:18:21,029 --> 00:18:18,799

astrobiology is is one of luck very

441

00:18:23,510 --> 00:18:21,039

similar to darlene i was really really

442

00:18:25,029 --> 00:18:23,520

lucky enough to have great mentors i

443

00:18:27,990 --> 00:18:25,039

actually didn't know that the field of

444

00:18:29,510 --> 00:18:28,000

astrobiology existed until i was an

445

00:18:32,230 --> 00:18:29,520

undergraduate

446

00:18:34,950 --> 00:18:32,240

there were no astrobiology courses at my

447

00:18:38,070 --> 00:18:34,960

school and it wasn't until i happened to

448

00:18:40,390 --> 00:18:38,080

be doing research uh you know micro

449

00:18:42,150 --> 00:18:40,400

microbiology research in polar

450

00:18:45,350 --> 00:18:42,160

environments and i had a mentor who was

451

00:18:47,510 --> 00:18:45,360

very into micro into astrobiology

452

00:18:49,350 --> 00:18:47,520

and these mentors really guided me and

453

00:18:51,350 --> 00:18:49,360

introduced me to this field and i

454

00:18:54,710 --> 00:18:51,360

quickly fell in love with it and and

455

00:18:56,950 --> 00:18:54,720

have been in it ever since

456

00:18:58,630 --> 00:18:56,960

well i am so excited for all of the

457

00:19:01,110 --> 00:18:58,640

folks who will come behind you in this

458

00:19:02,950 --> 00:19:01,120

really exciting field so before we get

459

00:19:04,390 --> 00:19:02,960

into everyone else's questions i just

460

00:19:06,630 --> 00:19:04,400

have to ask

461

00:19:08,150 --> 00:19:06,640

do each of you believe that life exists

462

00:19:10,070 --> 00:19:08,160

elsewhere in the universe i'm just going

463

00:19:11,830 --> 00:19:10,080

to have to put you on the spot yeah i'm

464

00:19:13,350 --> 00:19:11,840

getting nods

465

00:19:16,710 --> 00:19:13,360

yes i think

466

00:19:18,549 --> 00:19:16,720

it up my hypothesis is yes

467

00:19:20,950 --> 00:19:18,559

and you know i think it's getting a lot

468

00:19:22,150 --> 00:19:20,960

of activities right now to try and make

469

00:19:24,310 --> 00:19:22,160

sure that we go out and test that

470

00:19:26,710 --> 00:19:24,320

hypothesis both you know near field and

471

00:19:28,470 --> 00:19:26,720

far field so it's it's the exciting time

472

00:19:30,470 --> 00:19:28,480

to be in planetary science and in

473

00:19:32,710 --> 00:19:30,480

astrobiology

474

00:19:35,110 --> 00:19:32,720

amazing okay so jumping into everyone

475

00:19:37,669 --> 00:19:35,120

else's questions now uh our first one is

476  
00:19:40,150 --> 00:19:37,679  
from scotty justine on facebook who asks

477  
00:19:44,549 --> 00:19:40,160  
how much optimism is there about life on

478  
00:19:49,590 --> 00:19:47,029  
that's an interesting question i think

479  
00:19:51,750 --> 00:19:49,600  
optimism translates to motivation in the

480  
00:19:53,909 --> 00:19:51,760  
scientific community so the fact that we

481  
00:19:55,750 --> 00:19:53,919  
have so many missions currently

482  
00:19:57,669 --> 00:19:55,760  
operating on mars that have operated on

483  
00:19:59,430 --> 00:19:57,679  
mars and um you know that just started

484  
00:20:01,270 --> 00:19:59,440  
operating on mars should give you an

485  
00:20:04,310 --> 00:20:01,280  
indication as to the amount of

486  
00:20:06,470 --> 00:20:04,320  
enthusiasm um and energy and motivation

487  
00:20:08,070 --> 00:20:06,480  
that you know is is just permeating

488  
00:20:10,310 --> 00:20:08,080

throughout our community

489

00:20:12,470 --> 00:20:10,320

it's a very exciting landscape to

490

00:20:14,230 --> 00:20:12,480

explore a lot of people have also

491

00:20:16,870 --> 00:20:14,240

thought about this landscape on mars

492

00:20:19,029 --> 00:20:16,880

through the lens of analog work on earth

493

00:20:21,590 --> 00:20:19,039

so there's uh you know a lot of research

494

00:20:23,350 --> 00:20:21,600

that's been done um to get us to this

495

00:20:25,830 --> 00:20:23,360

particular moment in time and i think

496

00:20:27,750 --> 00:20:25,840

we're really seeing a lot of just

497

00:20:29,270 --> 00:20:27,760

enthusiasm around capitalizing on all

498

00:20:31,909 --> 00:20:29,280

the knowledge to date and then trying to

499

00:20:33,750 --> 00:20:31,919

build forward from there so um yeah i

500

00:20:35,830 --> 00:20:33,760

think the answer is it's a good time to

501  
00:20:37,750 --> 00:20:35,840  
be in this field

502  
00:20:39,590 --> 00:20:37,760  
for sure and patrick wants to hear a

503  
00:20:41,350 --> 00:20:39,600  
little bit more what those life forms

504  
00:20:43,590 --> 00:20:41,360  
could be like do you think that we will

505  
00:20:49,190 --> 00:20:43,600  
find life that's not carbon-based or

506  
00:20:53,590 --> 00:20:51,110  
that's that's a great question uh you

507  
00:20:56,070 --> 00:20:53,600  
know we have astrobiology uh targets

508  
00:20:58,950 --> 00:20:56,080  
such as titan uh which

509  
00:21:02,070 --> 00:20:58,960  
you know there are lakes of hydrocarbons

510  
00:21:04,870 --> 00:21:02,080  
uh could there be life on a place like

511  
00:21:06,950 --> 00:21:04,880  
titan that uses another solvent uh you

512  
00:21:09,230 --> 00:21:06,960  
know instead of water as hydrocarbons

513  
00:21:11,590 --> 00:21:09,240

and you know these are questions that

514

00:21:12,549 --> 00:21:11,600

astrobiologists are asking and i think

515

00:21:14,950 --> 00:21:12,559

you know

516

00:21:17,270 --> 00:21:14,960

many things are fair game

517

00:21:19,990 --> 00:21:17,280

but as of right now we don't know of any

518

00:21:22,789 --> 00:21:20,000

of these life forms of course

519

00:21:24,630 --> 00:21:22,799

yeah absolutely kuwait on facebook wants

520

00:21:28,870 --> 00:21:24,640

to know where do you think is the best

521

00:21:32,870 --> 00:21:30,470

well i think if we consider within our

522

00:21:35,190 --> 00:21:32,880

solar system and if you're looking to

523

00:21:37,990 --> 00:21:35,200

answer the question from an existing you

524

00:21:39,350 --> 00:21:38,000

know life-form perspective then i would

525

00:21:41,029 --> 00:21:39,360

go to some of the ocean worlds that

526

00:21:43,190 --> 00:21:41,039

we're pretty excited about europa

527

00:21:45,510 --> 00:21:43,200

enceladus as an example jackie just

528

00:21:47,190 --> 00:21:45,520

mentioned titan i think um you know

529

00:21:48,549 --> 00:21:47,200

again when we think about the previous

530

00:21:50,149 --> 00:21:48,559

question around enthusiasm and

531

00:21:51,909 --> 00:21:50,159

motivation there's just so much data

532

00:21:53,990 --> 00:21:51,919

that's been built up we've also had

533

00:21:56,310 --> 00:21:54,000

other you know flight missions that have

534

00:21:58,789 --> 00:21:56,320

gone for example um there's cassini

535

00:22:00,549 --> 00:21:58,799

there's juno that's generating data that

536

00:22:02,310 --> 00:22:00,559

gives us a better sense of how to

537

00:22:05,029 --> 00:22:02,320

strategize and get ourselves ready for

538

00:22:07,029 --> 00:22:05,039

missions that will take us um into you

539

00:22:08,710 --> 00:22:07,039

know these into these environments and

540

00:22:10,870 --> 00:22:08,720

then allow us to really interrogate it

541

00:22:13,110 --> 00:22:10,880

properly to look at the hypothesis of

542

00:22:14,710 --> 00:22:13,120

yes there is life that's existing in our

543

00:22:16,310 --> 00:22:14,720

solar system right now beyond our own

544

00:22:18,710 --> 00:22:16,320

planet

545

00:22:20,390 --> 00:22:18,720

so i know both of you are professionals

546

00:22:22,070 --> 00:22:20,400

and experts in this field but arlene

547

00:22:24,470 --> 00:22:22,080

meter on twitter wants to know do you

548

00:22:26,230 --> 00:22:24,480

have examples of a science fail where

549

00:22:29,909 --> 00:22:26,240

you made a mistake something you can

550

00:22:32,610 --> 00:22:31,750

i think the locker's good right

551  
00:22:35,510 --> 00:22:32,620  
for everything

552  
00:22:36,789 --> 00:22:35,520  
[Laughter]

553  
00:22:40,390 --> 00:22:36,799  
yeah uh

554  
00:22:43,110 --> 00:22:40,400  
i mean so many that i i can't even count

555  
00:22:44,870 --> 00:22:43,120  
i have you know just silly mistakes that

556  
00:22:47,029 --> 00:22:44,880  
i've made of

557  
00:22:48,390 --> 00:22:47,039  
mislabeling something or making a

558  
00:22:50,870 --> 00:22:48,400  
calculation

559  
00:22:52,310 --> 00:22:50,880  
uh for some kind of reagent and you know

560  
00:22:55,270 --> 00:22:52,320  
forgetting to carry a zero and

561  
00:22:57,990 --> 00:22:55,280  
completely screwing up an experiment

562  
00:22:59,990 --> 00:22:58,000  
there also signs fails like

563  
00:23:02,710 --> 00:23:00,000

one time we had a freezer that broke

564

00:23:05,029 --> 00:23:02,720

down on a long weekend so no one was

565

00:23:07,510 --> 00:23:05,039

around to hear the freezer alarms going

566

00:23:10,070 --> 00:23:07,520

off we lost very precious samples it was

567

00:23:11,510 --> 00:23:10,080

devastating at the time but but now it's

568

00:23:13,110 --> 00:23:11,520

you know it is laughable it wasn't a

569

00:23:15,510 --> 00:23:13,120

huge huge deal in the grand scheme of

570

00:23:21,110 --> 00:23:19,270

yeah definitely anything to add darlene

571

00:23:22,870 --> 00:23:21,120

well i think that's so well put and what

572

00:23:24,310 --> 00:23:22,880

you know just coming back to the job

573

00:23:26,950 --> 00:23:24,320

that we do we work in analog

574

00:23:28,230 --> 00:23:26,960

environments um and we're here on earth

575

00:23:30,310 --> 00:23:28,240

we're studying the earth but then of

576

00:23:32,070 --> 00:23:30,320

course unanticipating anticipation of

577

00:23:33,350 --> 00:23:32,080

studying other planetary systems but

578

00:23:35,270 --> 00:23:33,360

when we work here on earth we're

579

00:23:37,430 --> 00:23:35,280

actually also afforded the ability to

580

00:23:39,830 --> 00:23:37,440

kind of make mistakes mistakes that are

581

00:23:41,830 --> 00:23:39,840

far more more costly and impactful if

582

00:23:44,630 --> 00:23:41,840

you're making them in a singular flight

583

00:23:46,390 --> 00:23:44,640

mission you know to europa so

584

00:23:47,830 --> 00:23:46,400

mistakes are just part of the job and

585

00:23:50,470 --> 00:23:47,840

you have to live with it of course with

586

00:23:52,390 --> 00:23:50,480

that comes anxiety um and so you know

587

00:23:54,070 --> 00:23:52,400

again for all the younger listeners out

588

00:23:55,669 --> 00:23:54,080

there i think just knowing that you're

589

00:23:58,390 --> 00:23:55,679

going to make mistakes and you have to

590

00:23:59,750 --> 00:23:58,400

make mistakes in order to to to later on

591

00:24:01,510 --> 00:23:59,760

understand and you know how to move

592

00:24:02,950 --> 00:24:01,520

through things better that's just part

593

00:24:05,190 --> 00:24:02,960

of the program and anxiety just means

594

00:24:07,990 --> 00:24:05,200

that you care so um and you care

595

00:24:09,750 --> 00:24:08,000

intensely so it really is baked into the

596

00:24:11,830 --> 00:24:09,760

into the profession if you will to make

597

00:24:13,669 --> 00:24:11,840

mistakes and have a little anxiousness

598

00:24:14,950 --> 00:24:13,679

about the whole thing

599

00:24:17,269 --> 00:24:14,960

well said

600

00:24:22,630 --> 00:24:17,279

debbie on twitter wants to know what

601  
00:24:29,190 --> 00:24:25,990  
i work the most in canada here so canada

602  
00:24:30,950 --> 00:24:29,200  
has a lot of really cold environments

603  
00:24:33,510 --> 00:24:30,960  
we know a lot of our astrobiology

604  
00:24:34,950 --> 00:24:33,520  
targets are also cold environments so i

605  
00:24:38,549 --> 00:24:34,960  
work the most in the canadian high

606  
00:24:43,430 --> 00:24:41,269  
i think i've sort of worked all over the

607  
00:24:45,350 --> 00:24:43,440  
world to be honest

608  
00:24:48,070 --> 00:24:45,360  
and i used to work a lot in canada

609  
00:24:51,269 --> 00:24:48,080  
during my graduate program primarily in

610  
00:24:53,350 --> 00:24:51,279  
the canadian high arctic um but since

611  
00:24:54,870 --> 00:24:53,360  
then you know i sort of had the

612  
00:24:57,510 --> 00:24:54,880  
opportunity to work all over the place

613  
00:25:00,870 --> 00:24:57,520

as well as underwater on water on desert

614

00:25:02,950 --> 00:25:00,880

you know on on land um and um there's

615

00:25:04,470 --> 00:25:02,960

just so many different opportunities you

616

00:25:06,070 --> 00:25:04,480

just have to figure out exactly what it

617

00:25:08,070 --> 00:25:06,080

is you're interested in what your

618

00:25:10,470 --> 00:25:08,080

specific question is and then go to the

619

00:25:12,870 --> 00:25:10,480

right place and make sure that place is

620

00:25:15,029 --> 00:25:12,880

safe that you can get to it um i mean

621

00:25:16,870 --> 00:25:15,039

you know without without um compromising

622

00:25:18,390 --> 00:25:16,880

anyone's safety and then you can make

623

00:25:20,630 --> 00:25:18,400

decisions from there so we're very

624

00:25:22,310 --> 00:25:20,640

selective and careful about where we go

625

00:25:24,149 --> 00:25:22,320

um but certainly there are lots of

626  
00:25:26,390 --> 00:25:24,159  
interesting places right in our own you

627  
00:25:27,990 --> 00:25:26,400  
know planetary backyard if you will to

628  
00:25:29,830 --> 00:25:28,000  
explore

629  
00:25:32,310 --> 00:25:29,840  
yeah absolutely

630  
00:25:34,070 --> 00:25:32,320  
okay uh pascal on periscope wants to

631  
00:25:38,390 --> 00:25:34,080  
know what is a regular day as an

632  
00:25:46,310 --> 00:25:40,310  
you pandemic or post

633  
00:25:52,789 --> 00:25:50,070  
uh well for me it typically looks like

634  
00:25:55,029 --> 00:25:52,799  
actually either being behind a computer

635  
00:25:57,269 --> 00:25:55,039  
or being in my lab so a lot of the work

636  
00:26:00,470 --> 00:25:57,279  
i do uh is

637  
00:26:02,549 --> 00:26:00,480  
extracting dna or genomic material uh

638  
00:26:03,909 --> 00:26:02,559

from environments and so that takes

639

00:26:05,669 --> 00:26:03,919

place in the lab there's a lot of

640

00:26:08,149 --> 00:26:05,679

experimentation that goes with that in

641

00:26:10,390 --> 00:26:08,159

the lab but once i get my data back a

642

00:26:12,230 --> 00:26:10,400

lot of that is just crunching those

643

00:26:14,310 --> 00:26:12,240

numbers and looking at those dna

644

00:26:16,870 --> 00:26:14,320

sequences on my computer that's where i

645

00:26:18,870 --> 00:26:16,880

spend the vast majority of my time

646

00:26:20,870 --> 00:26:18,880

yep

647

00:26:22,710 --> 00:26:20,880

yeah here

648

00:26:24,390 --> 00:26:22,720

we you know for when we go out into the

649

00:26:26,710 --> 00:26:24,400

field a lot of times that's the moment

650

00:26:28,630 --> 00:26:26,720

in time that gets um aired you know

651  
00:26:29,909 --> 00:26:28,640  
through the press or just generally

652  
00:26:31,669 --> 00:26:29,919  
people tweet about when we're in the

653  
00:26:33,430 --> 00:26:31,679  
field so it seems to be the part that

654  
00:26:36,149 --> 00:26:33,440  
gets garners the most attention but in

655  
00:26:37,669 --> 00:26:36,159  
fact about you know 92 percent of our

656  
00:26:39,350 --> 00:26:37,679  
time is out of the field it's getting

657  
00:26:40,870 --> 00:26:39,360  
ready to go into the field so it's a lot

658  
00:26:42,630 --> 00:26:40,880  
of what jackie said you're in front of

659  
00:26:44,230 --> 00:26:42,640  
your computer uh whether it's you know

660  
00:26:46,390 --> 00:26:44,240  
you're with your data or you're working

661  
00:26:48,630 --> 00:26:46,400  
with people we're on we're in meetings

662  
00:26:50,789 --> 00:26:48,640  
um now you know video conferences all

663  
00:26:53,110 --> 00:26:50,799

the time so it's a lot of personal

664

00:26:55,029 --> 00:26:53,120

interactions trying to build um

665

00:26:56,549 --> 00:26:55,039

processes so that we can tackle these

666

00:26:58,230 --> 00:26:56,559

really tough questions and then when you

667

00:27:00,070 --> 00:26:58,240

get into the field that is certainly

668

00:27:01,990 --> 00:27:00,080

where all that hard work kind of has to

669

00:27:03,590 --> 00:27:02,000

play out it's you know very much like

670

00:27:05,830 --> 00:27:03,600

getting ready and training to get into

671

00:27:08,549 --> 00:27:05,840

that intense moment in time where you

672

00:27:10,470 --> 00:27:08,559

really do have one shot to get it right

673

00:27:12,149 --> 00:27:10,480

yeah absolutely so we have about 30

674

00:27:13,990 --> 00:27:12,159

seconds left but a lot of people are

675

00:27:15,990 --> 00:27:14,000

asking and wondering what do they do in

676

00:27:17,909 --> 00:27:16,000

order to become an astrobiologist so

677

00:27:20,950 --> 00:27:17,919

really quickly jackie or darlene do you

678

00:27:22,710 --> 00:27:20,960

want to give them some advice

679

00:27:25,110 --> 00:27:22,720

follow your follow your dreams there's

680

00:27:26,789 --> 00:27:25,120

so many ways to become an astrobiologist

681

00:27:28,470 --> 00:27:26,799

and it's such an interdisciplinary

682

00:27:31,830 --> 00:27:28,480

science so if you're interested in

683

00:27:33,669 --> 00:27:31,840

chemistry even anthropology or biology

684

00:27:36,230 --> 00:27:33,679

you know follow that passion in whatever

685

00:27:38,070 --> 00:27:36,240

path works for you

686

00:27:40,870 --> 00:27:38,080

yeah i mean jackie says it really well

687

00:27:42,149 --> 00:27:40,880

so many different entry points

688

00:27:44,070 --> 00:27:42,159

it's exciting i'm sure there are going

689

00:27:46,310 --> 00:27:44,080

to be a lot of astrobiologists to come

690

00:27:47,909 --> 00:27:46,320

who are inspired by both of you

691

00:27:49,830 --> 00:27:47,919

unfortunately that is all the time we

692

00:27:52,549 --> 00:27:49,840

have today thank you so much jackie and

693

00:27:54,470 --> 00:27:52,559

darlene for joining us

694

00:27:56,149 --> 00:27:54,480

thank you thank you

695

00:27:57,750 --> 00:27:56,159

and thank you to everyone joining us at

696

00:27:59,350 --> 00:27:57,760

home if you'd like to learn more about

697

00:28:00,830 --> 00:27:59,360

nasa's search for life beyond earth

698

00:28:02,710 --> 00:28:00,840

visit

699

00:28:04,470 --> 00:28:02,720

astrobiology.nasa.gov can also follow

700

00:28:06,389 --> 00:28:04,480

along on social media on the nasa

701  
00:28:08,149 --> 00:28:06,399  
astrobiology accounts on facebook and

702  
00:28:09,830 --> 00:28:08,159  
twitter to learn more as nasa

703  
00:28:11,430 --> 00:28:09,840  
researchers venture to extreme and

704  
00:28:13,750 --> 00:28:11,440  
interesting locations on earth for their

705  
00:28:15,269 --> 00:28:13,760  
work follow nasa expeditions on facebook

706  
00:28:17,029 --> 00:28:15,279  
and twitter we are thrilled that you

707  
00:28:18,789 --> 00:28:17,039  
could join us as we talked with some

708  
00:28:20,710 --> 00:28:18,799  
trailblazing women dedicating their

709  
00:28:22,549 --> 00:28:20,720  
careers to finding life beyond earth

710  
00:28:42,480 --> 00:28:22,559  
happy women's history month and thank

711  
00:28:42,490 --> 00:28:58,510  
[Music]

712  
00:28:58,520 --> 00:29:25,590  
[Applause]

713  
00:29:30,710 --> 00:29:28,870

well in my left hand i have a feather

714

00:29:32,950 --> 00:29:30,720

in my right hand a hammer

715

00:29:34,549 --> 00:29:32,960

and i guess one of the reasons uh we got

716

00:29:37,110 --> 00:29:34,559

here today was because of a gentleman

717

00:29:39,110 --> 00:29:37,120

named galileo a long time ago who made a

718

00:29:41,669 --> 00:29:39,120

rather significant discovery

719

00:29:43,269 --> 00:29:41,679

about falling objects in gravity fields

720

00:29:44,950 --> 00:29:43,279

and we thought that

721

00:29:47,669 --> 00:29:44,960

where would be a better place

722

00:29:49,510 --> 00:29:47,679

to confirm his uh findings and

723

00:29:51,430 --> 00:29:49,520

on the moon

724

00:29:52,389 --> 00:29:51,440

and so we thought we'd try it here for

725

00:29:54,149 --> 00:29:52,399

you

726  
00:30:07,590 --> 00:29:54,159  
the feather happens to be appropriately

727  
00:30:12,310 --> 00:30:10,070  
the blue marble

728  
00:30:13,190 --> 00:30:12,320  
that was our first

729  
00:30:14,789 --> 00:30:13,200  
view

730  
00:30:16,950 --> 00:30:14,799  
of ourselves

731  
00:30:18,230 --> 00:30:16,960  
we really are the blue planet we're

732  
00:30:24,070 --> 00:30:18,240  
hanging out here in the middle of

733  
00:30:30,470 --> 00:30:27,750  
in fact apollo imagery was part of the

734  
00:30:31,669 --> 00:30:30,480  
justification for putting together a

735  
00:30:34,149 --> 00:30:31,679  
satellite

736  
00:30:36,870 --> 00:30:34,159  
that would look at the earth

737  
00:30:39,269 --> 00:30:36,880  
that satellite was the first landsat

738  
00:30:41,190 --> 00:30:39,279

the landsat mission now holds the title

739

00:30:46,310 --> 00:30:41,200

for the longest continuous space-based

740

00:30:51,269 --> 00:30:48,310

at least one landsat satellite has been

741

00:30:53,590 --> 00:30:51,279

orbiting the earth since 1972

742

00:30:54,950 --> 00:30:53,600

that's nearly 50 years of steadfast

743

00:30:56,549 --> 00:30:54,960

observation

744

00:30:58,630 --> 00:30:56,559

the program was born in the midst of

745

00:31:02,389 --> 00:30:58,640

several historical flash points during a

746

00:31:04,470 --> 00:31:02,399

time when the world was changing quickly